

Scenario	Agency responding	Bear captured	Captured inside RZ	Captured outside RZ
Non-livestock conflict	FWP	Conflict bear	FWP may release the bear <u>on site</u> or <u>relocate</u> it to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site	FWP staff may assist with trapping until FWS can assume control of the site with the understanding that if a bear is caught, relocation of that bear will be the responsibility of the USFWS. FWP may recommend a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved site
	FWP	Non-target bear	FWP may release the bear <u>on site</u> or <u>relocate</u> it to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site	<u>FWP may release the bear on site or relocate it to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site.</u>
Livestock conflict	Wildlife Services/FWP	Conflict bear	If possible, a joint investigation will be conducted. If USFWS determines trapping and relocation is appropriate response, Wildlife Services will be responsible for trapping effort. FWP staff may provide assistance with response and trapping as time allows, and will move the bear to an approved site.	Wildlife Services and USFWS will be responsible for trapping and release of the bear(s). FWP staff will not assist with relocation.
	Wildlife Services/FWP	Non-target bear	Wildlife Services turns bear over to FWP. FWP may release it on site or move it to an approved Fish and Wildlife Commission relocation site	<u>FWP may release the bear on site or relocate it to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site.</u>
Preemptive situation	FWP	Preemptive bear	FWP may release the bear on site or relocate the bear to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site.	<u>FWP may release the bear on site or relocate the bear to a Fish and Wildlife Commission approved relocation site.</u>
Augmentation	FWP/USFWS	Augmentation bear	FWP staff may relocate bears only to sites approved by the Fish and Wildlife Commission. If proposed to be moved to a site where there is not already an established population, an environmental analysis is also required per MEPA.	FWP staff may relocate bears only to sites approved by the Fish and Wildlife Commission. <u>If proposed to be moved to a site where there is not already an established population, an environmental analysis is also required per MEPA.</u>

For purposes of the above, the following definitions apply:

Commented [CH1]: Please clarify whether FWP can trap (rather just assist with trapping) and whether FWP can process the bear.
If FWS will collar & process, we'll lead time to purchase collars and hire experienced bear handlers.

Commented [CH2]: What about:
Could USFWS take control of bear to relocate to a different site if desired?

Commented [CH3]: Or USFWS could take control of bear to move it ?

Recovery Zone – polygons identified in the 1993 Grizzly Bear Recovery Plan for the Greater Yellowstone, Northern Continental Divide, and Cabinet-Yaak ecosystems, and the polygon identified in the 2000 EIS for reintroducing grizzly bears in the Bitterroot ecosystem.

Conflict – incidents in which bears either do or attempt to: injure or kill people; damage property; kill or injure lawfully present livestock or poultry; damage beehives; obtain reasonably secured anthropogenic foods and other attractants; or damage agricultural crops.

Conflict bear – a bear that is known, or highly suspected by FWP staff, to have caused the conflict in question

Non-conflict bear – a bear that is not associated with the conflict being investigated as defined above.

Livestock – cows, sheep, goats, horses, llamas, livestock guard dogs

On-Site – the location of capture or within a bear home range = within a 15-mile radius

Commented [CH4]: IGBC Guidelines Condition A:

Bear causes significant depredation to lawfully present livestock or uses unnatural food materials (human and livestock foods, garbage, home gardens, livestock carrion, and game meat in possession of man) which have been reasonably secured from the bear resulting in conditioning of the bear or significant loss of property.